Orientation of links connecting pairs of neighbour epicentres on Kamchatka: it is non-random, and varies in space and time

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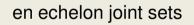
2016

The subject of the study: HOW SEISMICITY (epicenters and their space-time structure) *REFLECTS* SUBPARALLEL (en-echelon) SETS of LINEAMENTS (≈ faults)

(1) SUBPARALLEL SETS OF

- LINEAMENTS
- FAULTS
- FRACTURES
- JOINTS



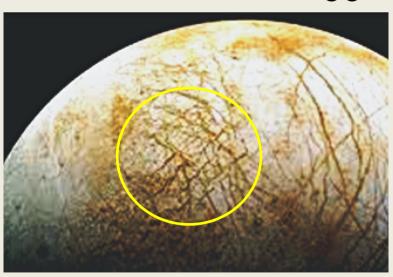


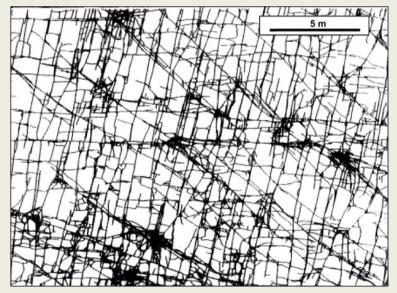




≈45°

http://maps.unomaha.edu/maher/GEOL3300/week1/joints.html



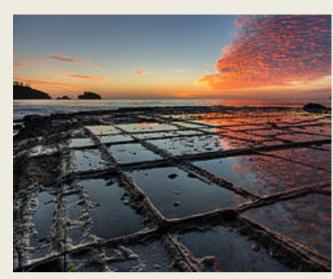


https://hub.globalccsinstitute.com/publications/caprock-systems-co2-geological-storage/32-faults-and-fractures

Europe



www.e-education.psu.edu/files/geosc10_web/image/vtrips/unit9/arches3.jpg



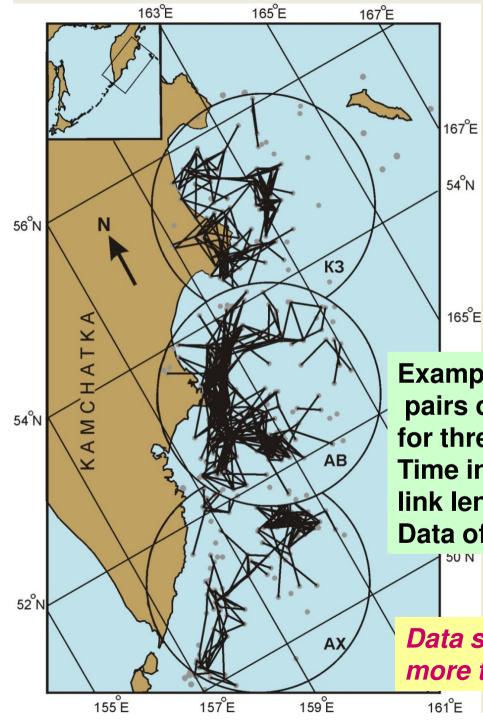
≈90 °

tessellated pavement at Eaglehawk





(2) Seismicity:
EPICENTERS,
their angular structure
in SPACE-TIME



«Neighbors»: epicenters that are close in space AND time Study object: directions of segments or links that connect a pair of neighbors in the regional earthquake catalog of Kamchtka

Example: links connecting pairs of neighbors for three circles studied Time interval limit: 15 days link length: 15 to 60 km Data of 1962

Data siggest en-echelon structures; is it more than a pure imagination?

Construction of the histogram of directions (or rose diagrams) of links

- 1. select a subsection of the catalog
- 2. do thinning (purging dense clusters)
- 3. select all pairs of neighbors by conditions

D1 < r_{12} <D2, Δt_{12} < τ

- 4. find azimuths; rotate to make "apparent North" along island arc
- 5. make the initial (R) histogram/rose
- 6. construct "normalizer" histogram using "non-neighbors"
- 7. make normalized (N) histogram dividing R-histogram by the "normalizer"

Parameters of the procedure

Position and radius of the circle of selection

Beginning and end of the time interval of selection

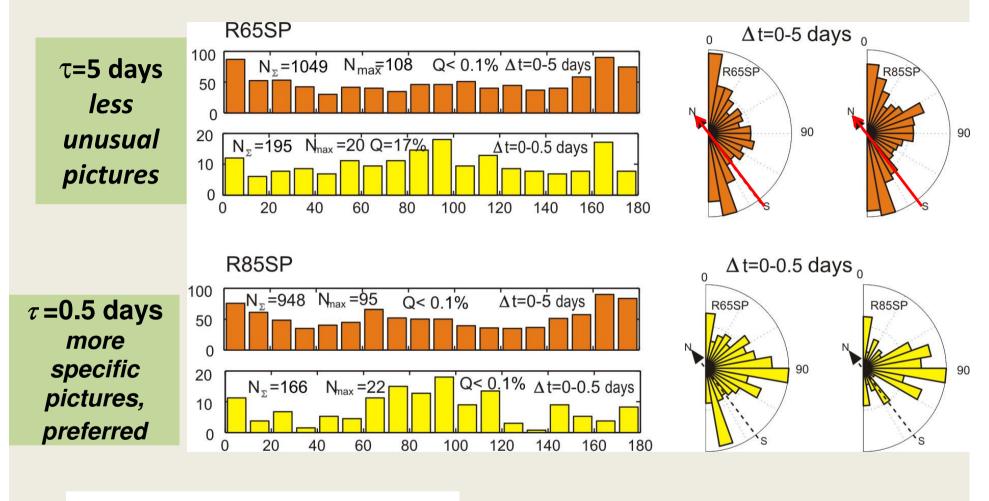
Neighborhood definition: in space: D1, D2 in time: τ

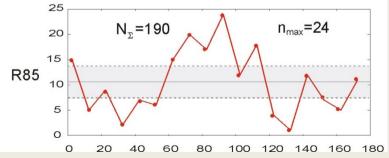
Additional parameter of neighborhood: difference of event numbers in the current list

Parameters of thinning procedure

Azimuth rotation angle ('provisional North") $\lambda = 37^{\circ}$

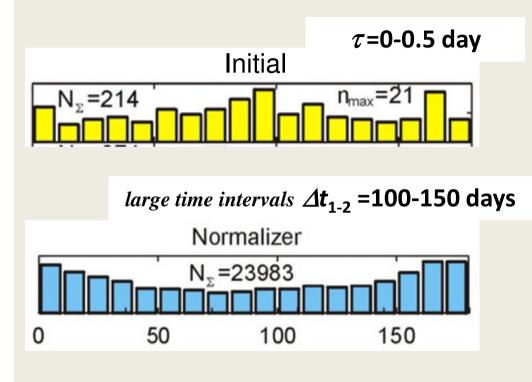
Selecting the time limit, τ , for a pair

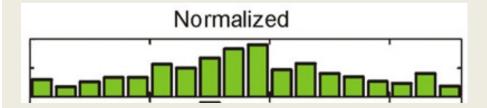


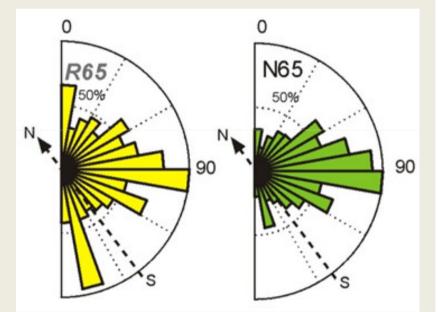


Checking the reality of the deviation from uniform distribution over azimuth. Q is the confidence level against such hypothesis. Here Q<0.001

Using "normalization" to suppress along-arc direction of low interest

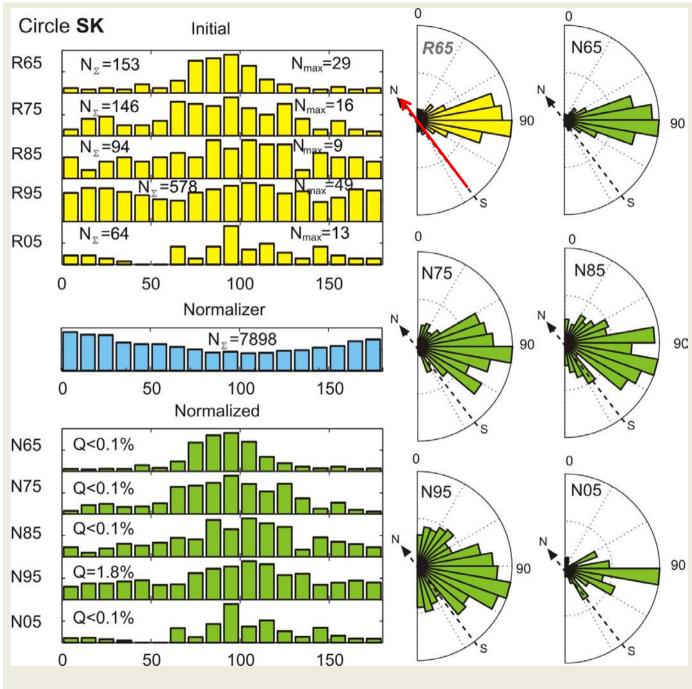






Time intervals and codes

Time interval	Code	Comment
1962 - 1971.11.24	«65»	two M=7.6+ earthquakes after the end of the interval
1972-1980	«75»	
1981-1990	« 85 »	
1991-1997.12.05	«95»	M=7.9 earthquake after the end of the interval
1998-2010	«05»	



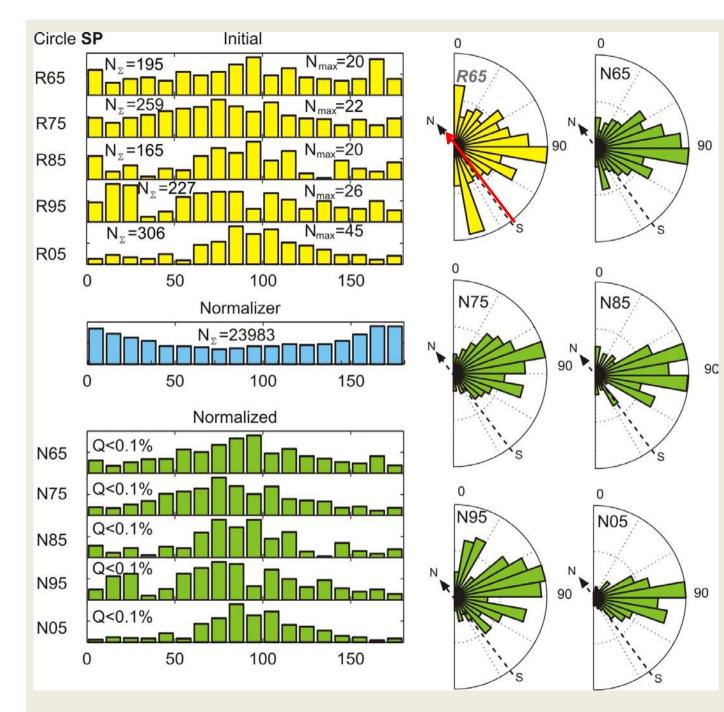
STATISTICS OF DIRECTIONS

Circle SK

(K-K arc)

- What is seen?
- (1)Petals are present
- (2)The strongest petal is at ~90°,
- (3)0-180° also is seen
- (4) Petals at 30°, 60°,45°: seen, not certain
- (5) Petals vary from period to period

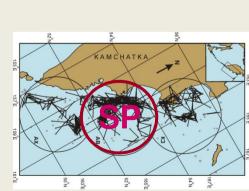


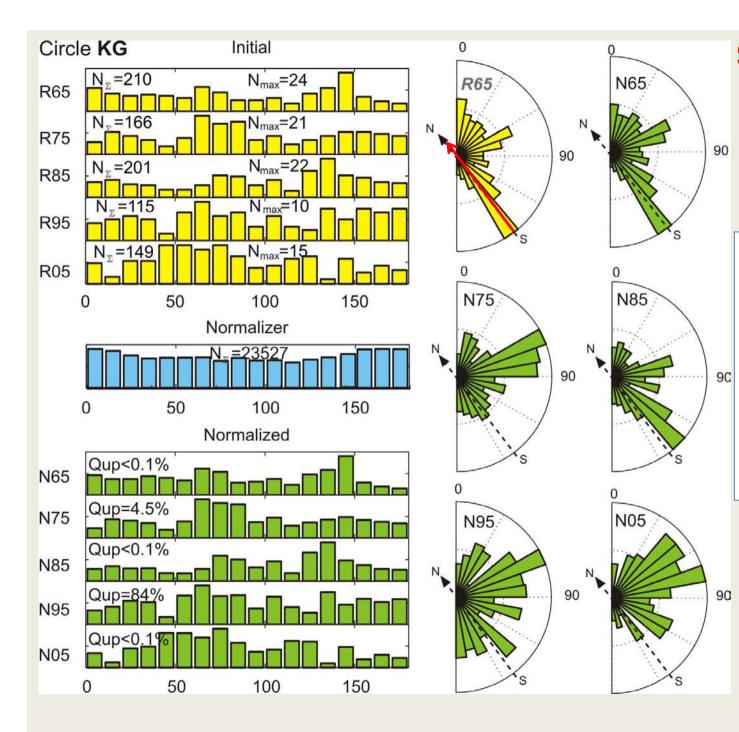


STATISTICS OF DIRECTIONS

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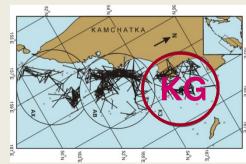


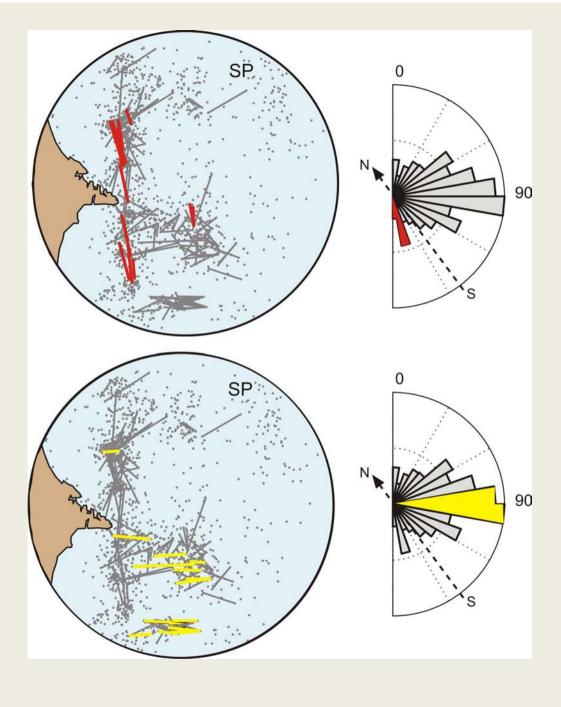


STATISTICS OF DIRECTIONS

Circle KG (arc-arc junction)

What is seen?
(1) Petals are present
(2) The strongest petals are at 65° and 145°
(3) 0-180° 120° 25° also are seen
(4) Petals vary from period to period





How petals are formed?

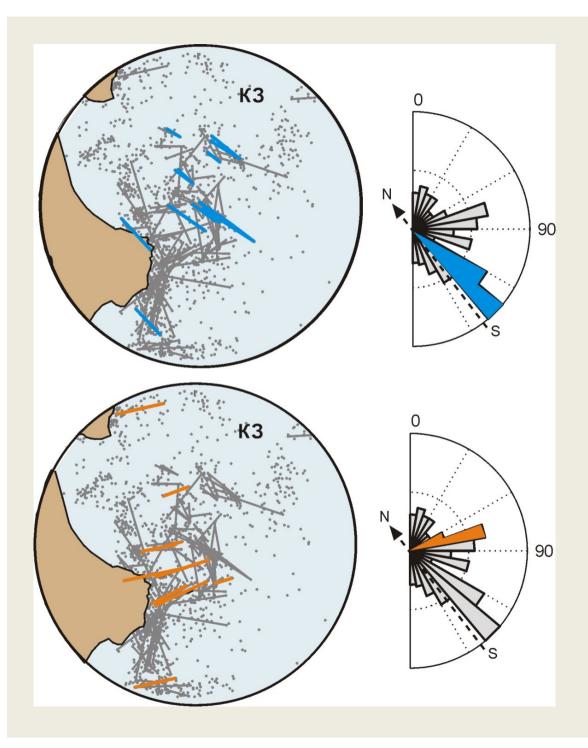
Circle **SP**, period "85". map and rose diagram

Color: links of a specific direction:

top: **160°-170°,**

bottom 80 °-100 °

Grey: epicenters and other links



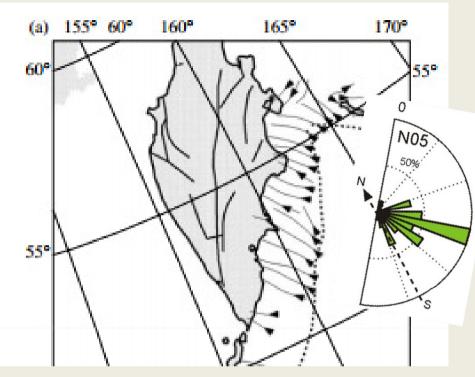
How petals are formed?

Circle **KG**, period "85". map and rose diagram

Color: links of a specific direction: *top:* **125**°-**135**°,

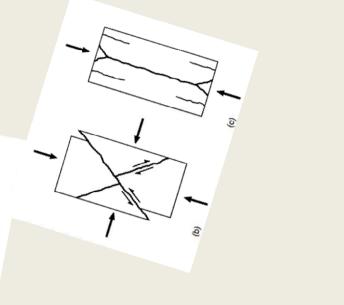
bottom 65°-75°

Grey: epicenters and other links



Map: directions of the compression axis of shear stresses (Rebetsky 2009)

Paradox: the observed 90° direction (W300N) is specific for tensile cracks at low to negative effective confining pressure



pictures from the ^{1.2 Experimental studies of rock strength 23} Scholz's textbook

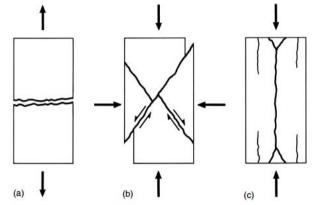


Fig. 1.12. Three modes of fracture observed in laboratory experiments: (a) tensile fracture; (b) faulting in a compression test; (c) splitting observed in a compression test at low confining pressure.

Conclusions

- A technique is developed for identifying, from small earthquake catalog data, preferred directions of motion along subparallel systems of secondary faults.
- Such directions are revealed for three segments of Kurile-Kamchatka subduction zone.
- Preferred directions are clearly observed.
- Preferred directions vary along arc.
- Preferred directions vary in time.

Thank you for your attention